

ABSTRACT

This study aims to investigate the influence of a hedonism lifestyle and spiritual intelligence on corruption, as well as the role of organizational culture as a moderating variable. The research adopts a quantitative approach utilizing primary data in the form of questionnaires. The study population consists of employees of the Pratama Tax Service Office in Semarang City. The sampling method used is a census, with a sample size of 135 employees. Data analysis is conducted using path analysis with SmartPLS 3.2.9. The findings indicate that a hedonism lifestyle has a positive effect on corruption. Conversely, spiritual intelligence has a negative effect on corruption. Furthermore, organizational culture is proven to weaken the influence of a hedonism lifestyle on corruption. On the other hand, organizational culture does not have a moderating effect on strengthening the relationship between spiritual intelligence and corruption.

Keywords: *Hedonism Lifestyle, Spiritual Intelligence, Organizational Culture, Corruption.*