ABSTRACT

Regional developing can be successful if the indicator of economic growth has increased and prosperity can be achieved. East Java's economic growth tends to increase, but there is still an uneven distribution of income so that it causes inequality. People who can not to suffice their necessities in high competition will cause friction that leads to conflict and are encouraged to do criminal. This research is purpose to find out the relation which factors that influence crime rates in East Java. Dependent variable used is the level of crime while the independent variable used are GDP per capita, population density, poverty, and unemployment. The type of data used is secondary data from the Central Statistics Agency (BPS). The method used in this study is panel data with fixed effect model. The results showed that the variable GDP per capita, population density, poverty, and unemployment significantly influenced the variable crime rate in East Java. So the factors that influence the level of crime in East Java can be explained by macroeconomic variables.

Keywords: Crime, GDP percapita, population density, poverty, unemployment