

ABSTRACT

West Java Province is a strategic area due to the existence of industrial estates spread in various regions. The existence of these industrial areas is an attraction for labour from various regions to migrate. This research aims to analyse the motivations a migrant worker in West Java Province. The variables in this study are at the micro level, specifically individuals and households levels.

This research uses a quantitative approach with secondary data from the National Socio-Economic Survey (SUSENAS) March 2023, with a total sample after cleaning the data of 1,398 respondents who meet the characteristics of this study. The analysis technique used is logit regression with software Stata version 17.

The results showed that individual characteristic factors, age, dummy gender, dummy marital status, education level, and per capita expenditure have a positive and significant effect on the decision to become a migrant worker in West Java Province. the five independent variables together have a significant effect on the decision to become a migrant worker in West Java Province.

Keywords: *Individual and Household Characteristics, Migrant Motivation, and Migrant Workers.*