

## **ABSTRACT**

*Economic growth is an indicator used to assess the success of regional development. Central Java Province, as one of the provinces on the island of Java, has shown a lower economic growth rate than other provinces on the island of Java during the period 2017–2024. The purpose of this study is to analyse the influence of domestic investment, foreign investment, labour force participation rate, life expectancy, and expected years of schooling.*

*This study uses panel data from 35 districts / cities in Central Java Province during the period 2017 - 2024. The data source used is secondary data from the Badan Pusat Statistik (BPS). The analysis model used is the Feasible Generalized Least Squares (FGLS).*

*The results of the analysis show that there is a simultaneous positive influence between economic growth and domestic investment, foreign investment, labour force participation rate, life expectancy and expected years of schooling. Meanwhile, partially, the variables of foreign investment, expected years of schooling and dummy variables have a positive and significant effect, while domestic investment, labour force participation rate and life expectancy do not have a significant effect on economic growth.*

*Keywords: Economic Growth, Investment, TPAK, Life Expectancy and Expected Years of Schooling, Central Java.*

