

ABSTRACT

This study empirically investigated how authoritarian legacy after democratization would affect individuals' support for democratic values. This study specifically focusing on Indonesia's political transition after the fall of the New Order's regime. We measured authoritarian legacy using Golkar's victory after the transition. Utilizing the data from the 7th wave of World Values Survey in 2018, which captures several democracy measures, the results show that Golkar's victory decreases individuals' support for democratic values, from the perspective of having a strong leader without parliamentary and elections. The heterogeneity effect shows that individuals who have experienced transitional democracy have less support for democratic values and the New Order's regime tend to have higher support for democratic values.

Keywords: Institutional Persistence, Democratization, Democratic Values, Political Socialization, Authoritarian Legacies

JEL: D72, D83, H11, P16

