

ABSTRACT

Poverty rate in DKI Jakarta which the high regional revenue, as capital city can not reduce poverty rate continuously. This research aims to estimate regional revenue effect, general allocation fund, revenue sharing fund and region expenditure.

Used the multiply analysis regrestion. Used the secondary data, quantitative data. Data is gotten from documented Badan Pusat Statistik DKI Jakarta. Used time series data, with 12 years observation by eviews program.

The result test of regional revenue effect against poverty is not significant. The result test of revenue sharing fund effect against poverty is negative and significant. The result test of general allocation fund effect against poverty is not significant. The result test of region expenditure against poverty is not significant. Coefficient determination shows the extent independent variable together against poverty.

Keyword: poverty, regional revenue, regional autonomy