ABSTRACT

The aim of this research to analyze the effect of corporate governance on firms' capital structure. In operating activities, the company would need capital. Without capital, businesses would be very difficult to achieve the goal, which is getting huge profits. In the process of fulfilling the need for capital, companies need good corporate governance. This research uses the size of the board of directors, independent directors, ownership concentration, managerial ownership, and remuneration in the measure of good corporate governance.

This research uses the annual report documentation on companies listed in Indonesia Stock Exchange (BEI) in 2010-2012. The sampling method used in this study is purposive sampling with specified criteria. The number of samples obtained from these criteria amounted to 102 samples. Hypothesis testing using multiple regression analysis.

The results of this research indicate that ownership concentration and managerial ownership are significantly negative related to capital structure. While other variables such as the size of the board of directors, independent directors, and remuneration are not significantly effected. This research also uses the control variable and the result is liquidity and asset tangibility is significantly negative effected to capital structure. While another control variables such as profitability and firm size are not significantly effected.

Keywords: capital structure, corporate governance, agency problems, the company manufactures.