

ABSTRACT

The purpose of this research was to determine the extent of the Sundanese leadership role in an organization led by Sundanese people. Sundanese culture has a role in shaping the character of a leader as a determination of boundaries and authority as well as giving identity to employees. Sundanese leadership is recorded in the Sundanese manuscript of the 16th century AD in the collection of the Sundanese Manuscript Buhun Kabuyutan Ciburuy, which is a Sanghyang Siksakandang Karesian script or more easily abbreviated as SSK.

In this SSK manuscripts it is known that there are several guidelines for the characteristics a leader must have and should not have. Sixteen guidelines were chosen of ten guidelines according to Atja & Saleh, three guidelines according to Suryalaga, and three guidelines according to Suryani.

The method used in this research is qualitative where data collection is done by interview. The resource person in this research is a leader with a minimum tenure of 5 years at Badan Kepegawaian dan Pengembangan Sumber Daya Manusia Kota Tasikmalaya. The results obtained from this research state that of the sixteen guidelines that must be owned and implemented by a leader, they reflect the role of Sundanese leadership in BKPSDM Kota Tasikmalaya.

Keywords: Qualitative, Leadership, National Culture, Sundanese Culture, Sundanese Cultural Values, Sundanese Leadership, BKPSDM Kota Tasikmalaya