

ABSTRACT

DKI Jakarta is one of the provinces that has a high growth rate, but the problem of poverty is still a serious problem. Given this background, this study aims to determine the effect of population, Human Development Index (HDI), GRDP Per Capita, and the Open Unemployment Rate on poverty in DKI Jakarta Province, with the observation period from 2009 to 2020.

This research is quantitative research, using secondary data produced by Indonesia Statistics Bureau and other relevant agencies. The research employs the panel data analysis method. The observation covers 6 regencies in DKI Jakarta from 2009 to 2020. The estimation process is assisted by econometric software Eviews 10.

The results of this research show that the Open Unemployment Rate and HDI have a positive and significant effect on poverty in DKI Jakarta in 2009-2020. Meanwhile, population and GRDP Per Capita have no statistically significant effect on poverty in DKI Jakarta during the observation period.

Keyword: Poverty, Human Development Index, GRDP Per Capita, Open Unemployment Rate, Population